



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

*Transactions at Ponce for November, 1902.*PONCE, P. R., *December 5, 1902.*

Total number of vessels inspected during November, 1902, 12; total number of vessels inspected during November, 1901, 14; total number of bills of health issued during November, 1902, 14; total number of bills of health issued during November, 1901, 14; number of passengers inspected during November, 1902 (incoming), 78; number of passengers inspected during November, 1902 (in transit), 290; number of crew inspected during November, 1902, 589; number of vessels in quarantine during November, 1902, 6; number of immigrants inspected during November, 1902, 27; rejections, none; number of pieces of baggage disinfected during November, 1902, 52; number of pieces of baggage inspected and passed during November, 1902, 23.

Foreign and insular statistical reports of countries and cities—Yearly and monthly.

CANADA—*British Columbia—Vancouver.*—Month of November, 1902. Estimated population, 28,000. Number of deaths not reported.

Manitoba—Winnipeg.—Month of November, 1902. Estimated population, 50,000. Number of deaths not reported. Four deaths from diphtheria, 5 from enteric fever, 3 from measles, 2 from scarlet fever, and 1 from tuberculosis reported.

Ontario.—Month of September, 1902. Number of municipalities reporting, 735. Population, 2,004,614. Total number of deaths, 1,951, including diphtheria, 25; enteric fever, 52; scarlet fever, 11; whooping cough, 9, and 173 from tuberculosis.

DUTCH GUIANA—*Paramaribo.*—Month of October, 1902. Estimated population, 31,626. Total number of deaths, 89. No deaths from contagious diseases.

FRANCE—*Marseille.*—Month of October, 1902. Estimated population, 491,161. Total number of deaths, 883, including diphtheria, 7; enteric fever, 23; scarlet fever, 1; smallpox, 25, and 3 from whooping cough.

GREAT BRITAIN—*England and Wales.*—The deaths registered in 76 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended November 15, 1902, correspond to an annual rate of 17.4 per 1,000 of the aggregate population, which is estimated at 14,862,151.

London.—One thousand five hundred and fifty-eight deaths were registered during the week, including measles, 37; scarlet fever, 9; diphtheria, 23; whooping cough, 21; enteric fever, 15, and diarrhea, 23. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 16.8 per 1,000. In Greater London 2,073 deaths were registered. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 4 from diphtheria, 4 from measles, 1 from scarlet fever, 6 from whooping cough, and 5 from diarrhea.